

Math 458/558 Sample Second Exam Problems

1. Consider an additive model  $S(k+1) = aS(k) + u(k)$ , where  $a$  is a positive constant and the  $u(k)$  are independent normal random variables with mean 0 and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Assume  $S(0)$  is known, and find  $E[S(5)]$  and the variance of  $S(5)$ .

2. Suppose that  $X(t)$  follows the process  $dX = 3X dt + 4X dz$ . Using Ito's Lemma, find the equation for the process for  $Y(t) = X(t)^n$ .

3. Suppose the price for an option is given by  $f(S, t) = 10e^{-r(T-t)}N(d_2)$ , where

$$d_2 = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{S}{40}\right) + \left(r - \frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right)(T-t)}{\sigma\sqrt{T-t}}.$$

Find the value at expiration, i.e. evaluate  $\lim_{t \rightarrow T^-} f(S, t)$  as a function of  $S$ .

4. Create a two-month binomial lattice model to find the value of a **European** put option with strike price  $K = 55$ , initial stock price  $S(0) = 54$ , volatility  $\sigma = 0.33$ ,  $\nu = 0.13$ , and annual interest rate  $r = 0.12$ . Use one month for  $\Delta t$ .

5. a) Define  $\Delta$ ,  $\Gamma$  and  $\Theta$  for a derivative whose price is given by  $f(S, t)$ .

b) Explain why one wants to have  $\Delta = 0$  for an options portfolio, and how  $\Gamma$  is related to this goal.

6. Suppose that  $S(t)$  follows the process  $dS = \alpha S dt + \beta S dz$ , where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are constants. Find the equation of the process for  $Y(t) = e^{r(T-t)}/S$ .

7. Create a two-month binomial lattice model to find the value of a **American** put option with strike price  $K = 55$ , initial stock price  $S(0) = 54$ , volatility  $\sigma = 0.33$ ,  $\nu = 0.13$ , and annual interest rate  $r = 0.12$ . Use one month for  $\Delta t$ .

8. Let  $C$  denote the price of a call option with strike price  $K$  on a stock with price  $S$ . Let  $r > 0$  denote the risk-free interest rate, and assume continuous compounding.

a) Make a portfolio which consists of buying the call, shorting the stock, and investing  $K$  in the risk-free asset. Use this portfolio and an arbitrage argument to show that  $C > S - K$ .

b) What does this say about the relation between American and European call options?

9. Show that for any constant  $a$ , there is a constant  $C_a$  such that  $e^{C_a t} S^a$  is a solution to the Black-Scholes equation.

10. A **strap** is a spread created by buying a European put and two European calls, all with the same strike price and expiration date.

a) Sketch the payoff as a function of  $S$ .

b) When purchasing a strap, what view is the investor taking?

11. Suppose a stock is currently selling for \$25. A one-year European call with strike price \$24 costs \$6, and a one-year European put with strike price \$24 costs \$2. If interest is compounded continuously, find the interest rate  $r$ .