

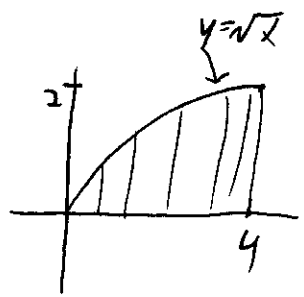
Name: SOLUTIONS

Quiz #6 - October 28, 2008

1. Calculate

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^3 xy^2 dx dy.$$
$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{2} y^2 \Big|_{x=0}^{x=3} dy$$
$$= \int_0^1 \frac{9}{2} y^2 dy$$
$$= \frac{3}{2} y^3 \Big|_0^1 = \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)$$

2. Sketch the region of integration. Then rewrite the integral with the order of integration reversed



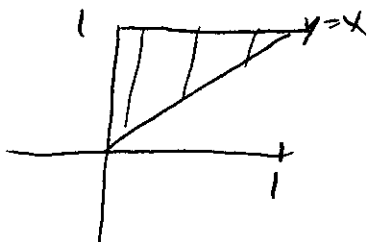
$$\int_0^4 \int_0^{\sqrt{x}} f(x,y) dy dx.$$
$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 f(x,y) dx dy$$

Name: SOLUTIONS

Quiz #7 - October 30, 2008

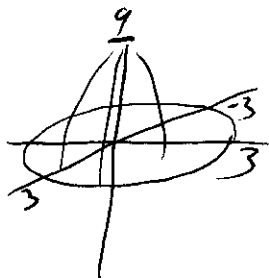
1. Evaluate the integral by first reversing the order of integration:

$$\int_0^1 \int_x^1 e^{\frac{x}{y}} dy dx.$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^1 \int_0^y e^{\frac{x}{y}} dx dy \\ &= \int_0^1 y e^{\frac{x}{y}} \Big|_{x=0}^{x=y} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 y e^{-y} dy \\ &= \frac{y^2}{2} e^{-y} - \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 \\ &= \frac{e}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{e-1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Use polar coordinates to find the volume below the paraboloid $z = 9 - x^2 - y^2$ and above the xy -plane.



$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^3 (9-r^2) r dr d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \left. \frac{9}{2} r^2 - \frac{r^4}{4} \right|_{r=0}^3 d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{81}{2} - \frac{81}{4} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{81}{4} d\theta \\ &= \boxed{\frac{81\pi}{2}} \end{aligned}$$